



## STEM Project 1A - Dusty Leaves

### *Dust: Earth & Beyond*

#### *The Challenge*

To address dust issues encountered on the Moon, Mars and Earth



Write your  
name on the  
Earth

#### *Ways to Meet the Challenge*

This project has many different parts to it and you will be looking at one area in particular.

**Design and conduct a survey of dust levels on leaves  
in your area**



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### *Find Out More and Get Thinking*

Here are some points you might like to consider in your project to test materials:

1. Has it rained recently? If it has, best wait at least a week after it last rained to conduct your survey - you might not find any dust otherwise!
2. The best way to collect dust is to wipe the leaves. What material will you use to wipe the leaves? E.g. tissues, paper napkins, pieces of fabric. Will the materials be dry or damp?
3. How will you measure the amount of dust collected? For example, you might weigh the material being used to collect dust before and after wiping leaves. You might wash the dust from the material and evaporate the water, then weigh the dust. You could also do a visual comparison.
4. Think about whether you should collect only one sample from each plant. Should you collect several samples at different heights from the one plant? Or should you collect one sample from each plant but all at the same height off the ground? Think carefully about your independent, dependent and controlled variables to make sure it's a fair test.
5. Are you going to collect samples from plants around your backyard or around your neighbourhood? Make sure you have permission to be in the area you want to collect samples in.
6. Perhaps take some photos or draw a map to show where you have taken your samples so anyone can repeat your experiment. You could include a scale on your map.
7. Consider what potential sources of dust there might be in the area you will conduct the survey in. E.g. is there an unsealed road or path, is there a major road, is there a factory?





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In the space below, brainstorm all the ideas you have about how you could design and conduct a survey of dust levels on leaves.

When you were brainstorming, were there some things that you found you need to know more about? Write those down here. You may like to use the [PALMS 5 STEM - Research Guide - Digital](#) to find out more about these things.





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Scientists all over the world organise the way they think about and carry out their work in the same way - we call this the *scientific method*. They also write quite formally in the 'third-person' style (not using phrases such as 'you', 'we' or 'I').

To try and solve your part of the STEM problem and meet the challenge, you will carry out an investigation, by designing and carrying out an experiment in the form of a survey.

When you are going to design an experiment, there are certain things that you need to consider and include. The [STEM Project Experiment Worksheet](#) on the next pages will help you to design your experiment and organise the data you collect. It is important that you include as much detail as possible so your experiment could be repeated by anyone who reads it.





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Below are explanations of the terms used in the [STEM Project Experiment Worksheet](#).

**Problem/Aim** - What problem are you investigating? What is the purpose of the experiment? You only need to write a sentence or two for this section. You could write something like "To investigate the amount of dust found on plants in different areas of a backyard." You may even like to write it as a question e.g. "Which area of a suburb has the highest amount of dust?"

**Variable** - A variable is any part of an experiment that can be measured, changed or controlled. It may have factors such as an ingredient, a way of doing something or be part of the surroundings, like temperature.

**Independent variable** - This is the variable that you are going to change to see what effect it has. A fair test only changes one thing so there is only ever one independent variable.

**Dependent variable** - This is the variable that you are testing so it is the one you are going to measure.

**Controlled variables** - These are all the other variables that you keep the same to make sure a fair test is carried out. There will always be more than one of these, including making sure that you are using the same equipment and methods for repeat experiments. You do only need to list the things that will have a direct effect on the experiment.

**Hypothesis** - What do you think is going to happen? Another way to think of a hypothesis is that it is an informed guess, using the knowledge you gained by researching your problem. This is a sentence that predicts how the independent variable will affect the dependent variable. You could use a sentence such as 'If a plant is further away from the road, then there will





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be less dust on its leaves'. In this example, the distance the plant is away from the road is the independent variable (you are changing this) and how much dust is on its leaves is the dependent variable (you are measuring this and it will depend on the independent variable).

**Materials and Equipment** - This is a detailed list of all the things you will need to complete the experiment. You should include the size of equipment (e.g. 3 x 3cm squares of paper napkin) and the quantity.

**Method** - Write a step by step description of how you will do the experiment. Remember, it needs to be written in third person point of view so avoid using 'I' or 'we'. Make sure you are very detailed so someone else can do exactly the same experiment by following your method. You may even like to include some diagrams or photos of how your experiment is set up.

**Safety** - Make a list of any things you'll need to do to make sure you work safely and don't create a hazard for anyone else or the environment.

**Results** - In this section you will record any observations or measurements you make. It is usually best to put your data in a table, making sure you have titles on all your columns and that the units you are measuring in are included. Whatever your independent variable is should be in the left column. Make sure you make space in your table for any repeat trials you do. You may also like to take photographs or videos to record your results. Check with your teacher how they would like to see your results.

**Conclusions** - What do your results tell you about your original aim or hypothesis? You should write a sentence or two stating whether your results support your hypothesis or not and explain any patterns you notice in your results.





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### *STEM Project Experiment Worksheet*

Title:

Problem/Aim: (What problem are you investigating? What is the purpose of the experiment?)

Variables:

Independent Variable (What are you changing?):

Dependent Variable (What are you measuring?):

Controlled Variables (What are you keeping the same to make it a fair test?):

Hypothesis: (What do you think is going to happen? An informed guess)

Materials and Equipment: (List all things you will need for the experiment)





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Method: (A step by step description of how you will do the experiment. Avoid using 'I' or 'we'.  
Labelled diagrams might help)

Safety: (What will you do to minimise hazards to people and the environment?)







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Submit your experiment design to your teacher for checking before continuing!

Once they have approved your experiment, you can get started.

**Results:** (Record your observations and measurements. A table may be best for this. Remember that the independent variable should be in the left column and you must include the units of measurement. Attach photographs, if required, by clicking on the icon below or typing the file names in this box with a brief explanation of what the photo is showing)

Photos:

**Conclusions:** (What do the results tell you about your original aim or hypothesis?)



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## STEM Project 1A - Dusty Leaves

### *Could It Be Better?*

Once you have carried out your experiment/s, you need to review your ideas and work. In this section, you can identify any problems or difficulties you encountered and suggest ways you could improve your project if you were to start again.

These questions will help with your review process. Write or draw your ideas for improvement in the table below.

- Were your results as you expected? If not, is it because you failed to conduct a fair test or because things are just not as you predicted? How do you know?
- Did you get a wide range of results? If not, was it because you surveyed an area that was too small? How could you find out?
- Were you able to measure the dust collected accurately? If not, what could you do to improve accuracy (assuming you had access to any equipment you wanted)?
- Did your experiments or tests give you enough information to answer your question? What further experiments or tests might you need to do?

Problem encountered	Possible solution





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Problem encountered	Possible solution
Other ways to improve your solution if you have unlimited resources, time and access to the best people!	





## STEM Project 1A - Dusty Leaves

### *Report Back To Base*

To finish off your STEM Project, you or your group need to let everyone know what you found out.

There are many ways you could do this, and your teacher may ask you to do it a particular way or have you come up with your own ideas. When writing or making your presentation, make sure you think carefully about who your audience is and how much detail you need to include. More visual presentations (colourful or with lots of pictures) are always more interesting.

Whatever kind of presentation you end up doing, you should cover the following things:

- What you found out or discovered that you didn't know before.
- What you designed/built/programmed/tested.
- What STEM skills you used? (problem solving, creativity, critical analysis, teamwork, independent thinking, communication, digital literacy)
- What data did you generate in your investigation and what does this show? (this may be in the form of tables or graphs and may not be relevant to every section of the project)
- How you could better investigate the challenge if you had no limit on resources or time?
- What was the most challenging aspect of the project?

**Don't forget!**

- Save this file as a PDF and submit it to your teacher. Don't forget to include your name!
- Check that any photos have uploaded or send them to your teacher separately (tell them the file name)
- Submit your Report Back To Base presentation to your teacher

